Axhausen, K.W. (2009) Moving agent-based simulations into Chinese science, presentation at the seminar *Sino Swiss Science and Technology Cooperation - Today and Tomorrow*, September 2010.

Moving agent-based simulations into Chinese science

KW Axhausen

IVT ETH Zürich

September 2010





Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich

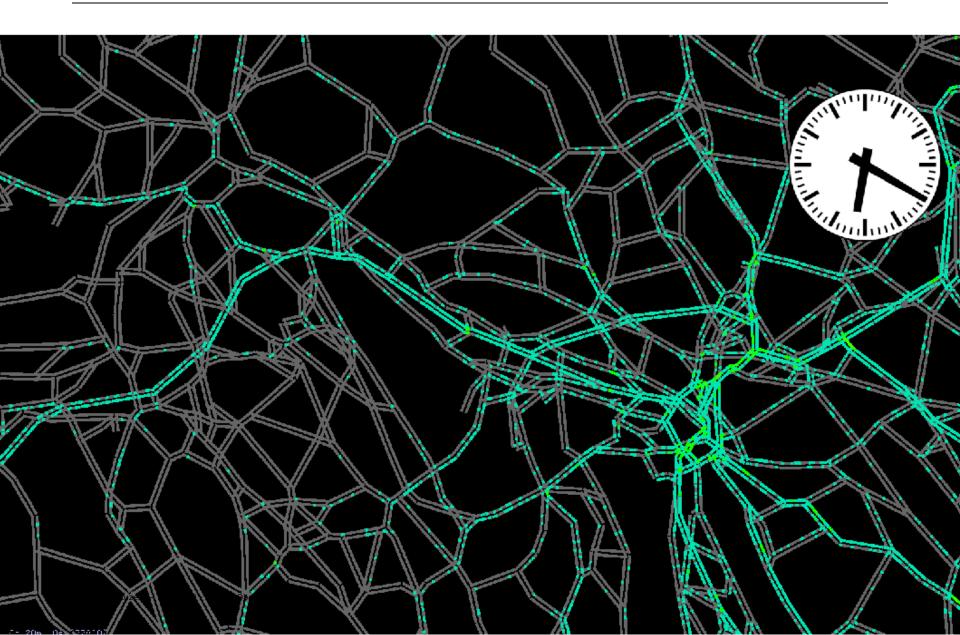
Starting point

Prof. Ou (Signal control)

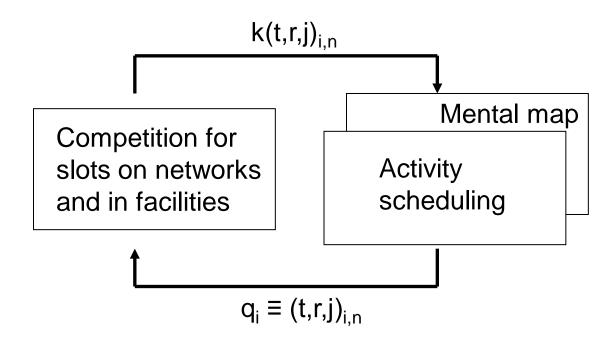
Prof. Zhang (Agent-based simulation)

Starting point

Peak hour in Zürich



Learning approach of the generic transport model



- Disaggregate simulation of car traffic
 - Detailed traffic control
 - Detailed parking facilities
 - Detailed recharging facilities for electric vehicles
- Disaggregate simulation of public transport
- Disaggregate simulation of cyclists
- Disaggregate simulation of pedestrians

- Number and type of activities
- Sequence of activities
 - Start and duration of activity
 - Composition of the group undertaking the activity
 - Expenditure division
 - Location of the activity
 - Movement between sequential locations
 - Location of access and egress from the mean of transport
 - Parking type
 - Vehicle/means of transport
 - Route/service
 - Group travelling together
 - Expenditure division

Relevant individual long(er) term choices

- Social network geography
- Social commitments
- Amount and type(s) of occupation
 - Work location(s)
 - School location
 - Home location
 - Mobility tools
 - Discount cards
 - Season tickets
 - Vehicles (by body type, fuel, energy efficiency)

Relevant supply side long(er) term choices

- Facility construction
- (Transport) infrastructure provision
- Regulation of production
- Regulation of markets
- Regulation of migration
 - Location of production and service firms
 - Delimitation of markets served
 - Choice of the type of service or good offered
 - Capacity choice
 - Area wide signal control optimisation
 - Pricing

MATSim today

MATSim: A GNU public licence software project

Current partners

- TU Berlin (Prof. Nagel)
- ETH Zürich
- Senezon (Drs. Balmer, Rieser)

Coordination via:

- User meeting
- Developer meeting

Help for new users

- Tutorial (e.g. March 2011)
- www.matsim.org

All aspects:

- Switzerland (Zürich)
- Berlin
- München
- Gauteng Province

DTA only:

- Toronto
- Tel-Aviv
- Seoul

Read scenario Generate initial demand (schedules)

Do until convergence

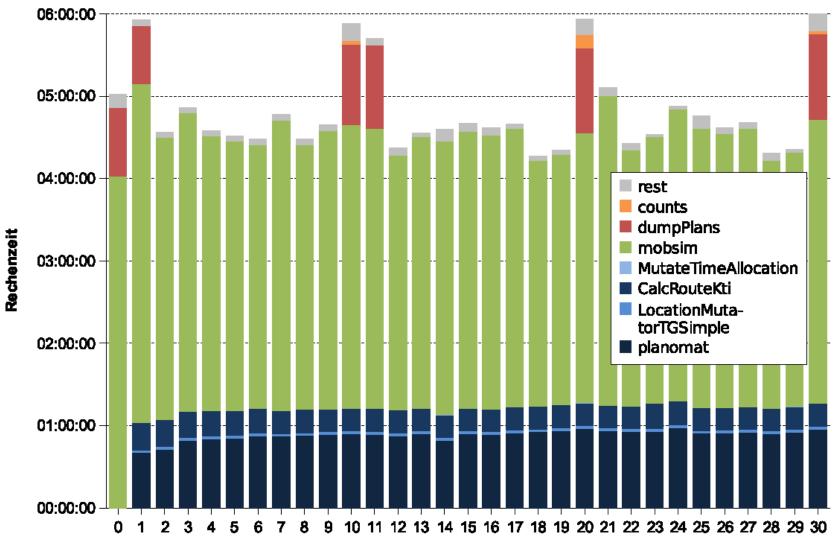
Select schedule to execute with a biased random approach Execute schedules (traffic flow simulation) Score all schedules Add a new schedule to a random subset of the agents Delete worst schedule, if necessary During the iterations:

- Optimisation of start time and duration of the activities
- Random location of the activity (with capacity constraint)
- Vehicle/means of transport at sub-tour level
- Optimal routes
- Event-oriented queue-based traffic flow simulation

For a search space of:

- 6.0 * 10⁶ agents with 11 activity types
- 1.6 * 10⁶ facilities
- 0.8 * 10⁶ links
- 24 * 60 * 60 seconds

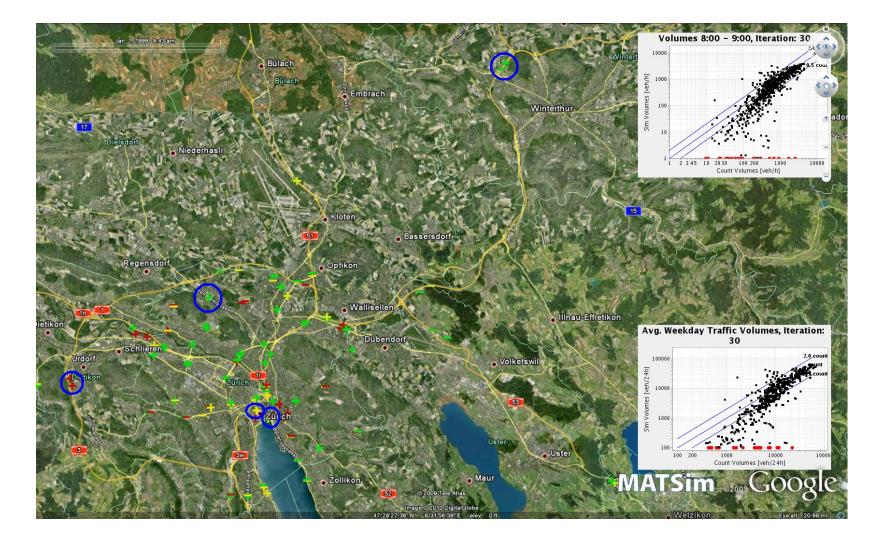
2009 MATSim Switzerland: Computing time



Iteration

Balmer, 2009

Quality of the results: Overall counts



What next ?

2014 MATSim configuration of traffic flow simulation

- (Parallel) queue based simulation(s) of car traffic
 - Detailed traffic control
 - Detailed parking facilities
 - Detailed recharging facilities
- Vehicle timetabled based simulation of public transport
- Disaggregate simulation of cyclists
- Disaggregate simulation of pedestrians

2014 MATSim configuration of activity scheduling

- Number and type of activities
- Sequence of activities
 - Start and duration of activity
 - Composition of the group undertaking the activity
 - Expenditure division
 - Location of the activity
 - Connection between sequential locations
 - Location of access and egress from the mean of transport
 - Parking type
 - Vehicle/means of transport
 - Route/service
 - Group travelling together
 - Expenditure division

2010 MATSim configuration of long(er) term choices

Social network geography

- Social commitments
- Occupation
 - Work location
 - School location
 - Home location
 - Mobility tools
 - Discount cards
 - Season tickets
 - Vehicles (by body type, fuel, energy efficiency)

During the iterations:

- Optimisation of full schedule
- Quality informed location choice (with capacity constraint)
- Social network geography
- Supply response (timings, prices, capacties)

For a search space of:

- 2.0 * 10⁷ agents with 11 activity types
- 2.0 * 10⁷ facilities
- 5.0 * 10⁶ links
- 7 * 24 * 60 * 60 seconds

- Michael Balmer
- David Charypar
- Francesco Ciari
- Christoph Dobler
- Matthias Feil
- Jeremy K. Hackney
- Andreas Horni
- Konrad Meister
- Nicolas Lefebvre
- Nadine Schüssler
- Rashid Waraich