

Preferred citation style

Axhausen, K.W. (2006) MATSIM-T: A micro-simulation system of activity demand, TRB Travel Demand Forecasting Conference, Austin, May 2006.

MATSIM-T: A micro-simulation system of activity demand

KW Axhausen

IVT

ETH

Zürich

May 2006

 *Institut für Verkehrsplanung und Transportsysteme*
Institute for Transport Planning and Systems

ETH

Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich

Development team

- Kay Axhausen (ETH)
- Michael Balmer (ETH)
- David Charypar (ETH)
- Martin Frick (ETH)
- Fabrice Marchal (CNRS, Lyon)
- Konrad Meister (ETH)
- Kai Nagel (TU Berlin)
- Marcel Rieser (TU Berlin)
- David Strippgen (TU Berlin)

How do we explain behaviour at the microscopic level ?

Elements:

- Generalised costs of the route-mode-location alternative
- Budgets and long term commitments
- Taste (Values, attitudes, life style) by socio demographics

- Personal world (i.e. Mental map)
- Social network membership (minimum: household)

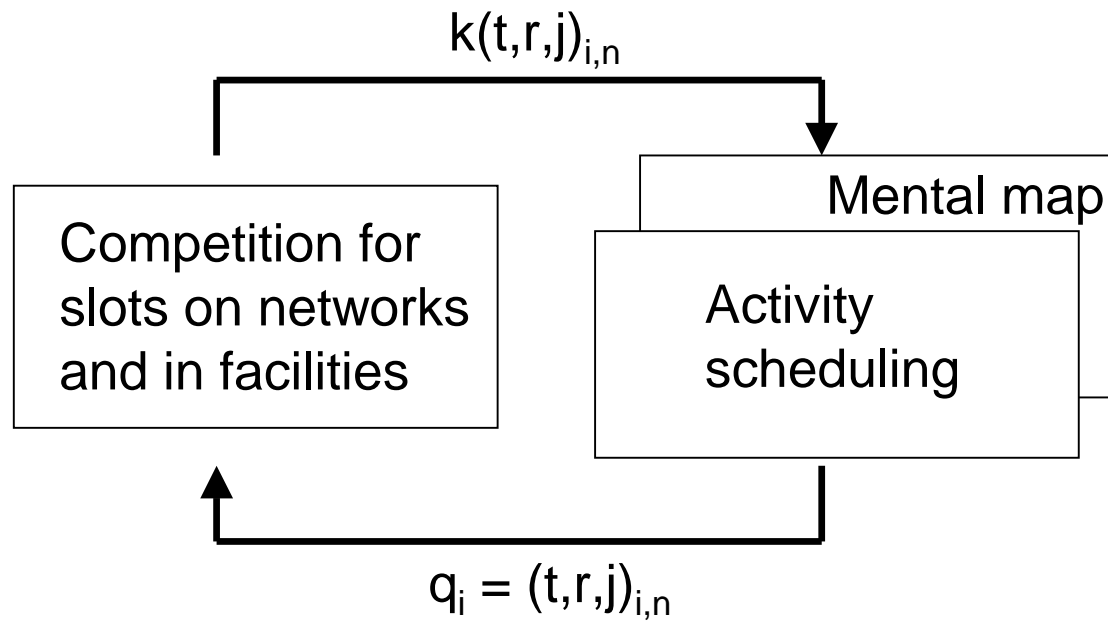
Generalised cost of a route-mode-destination alternative

Elements:

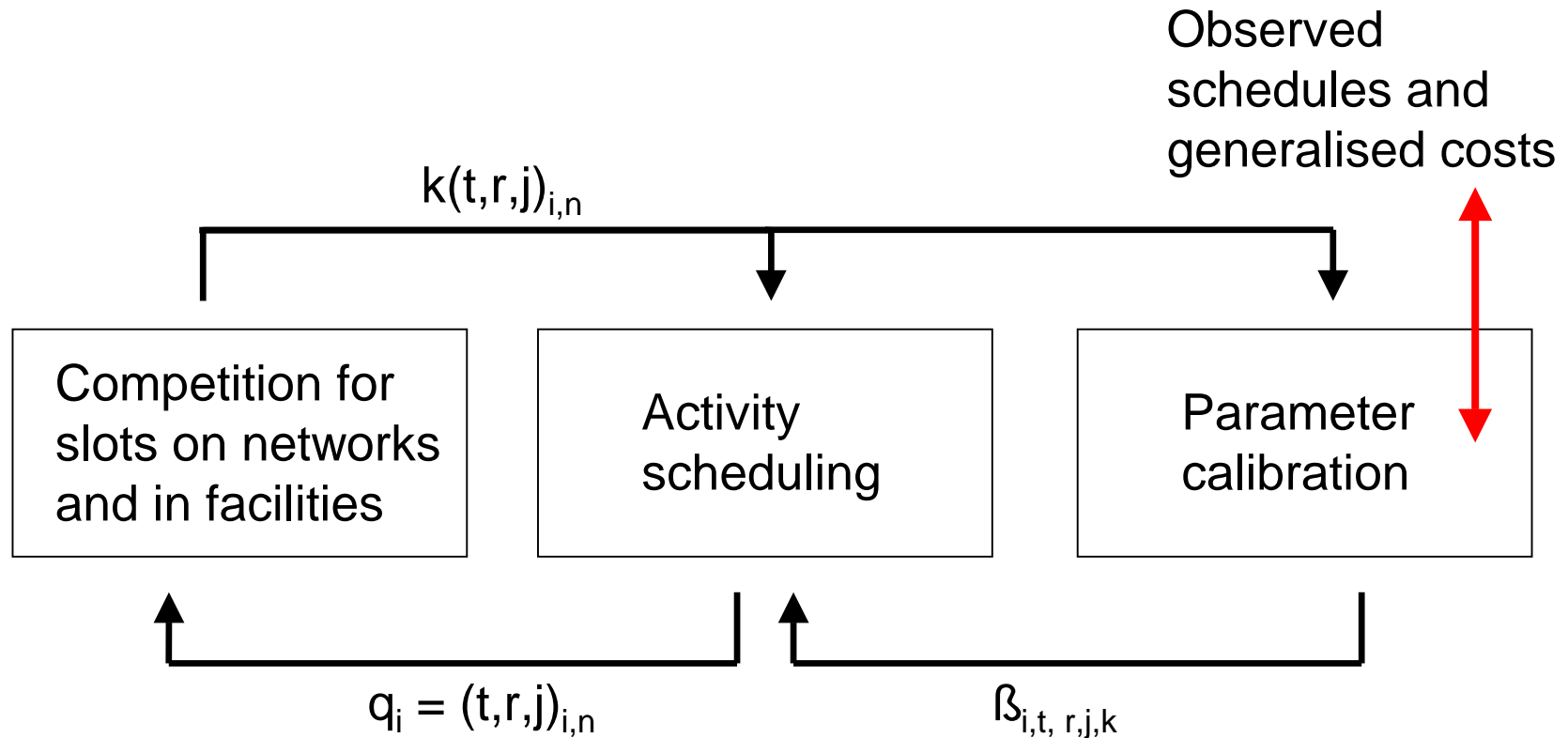
- (Comfort and risk adjusted) time spent traveling, inc. schedule delay (relative to intended arrival time)
- (Decision time-frame relevant) monetary expenditure

- (Comfort and risk adjusted) time spent at the location by type
- Activity expenditure
- Social content

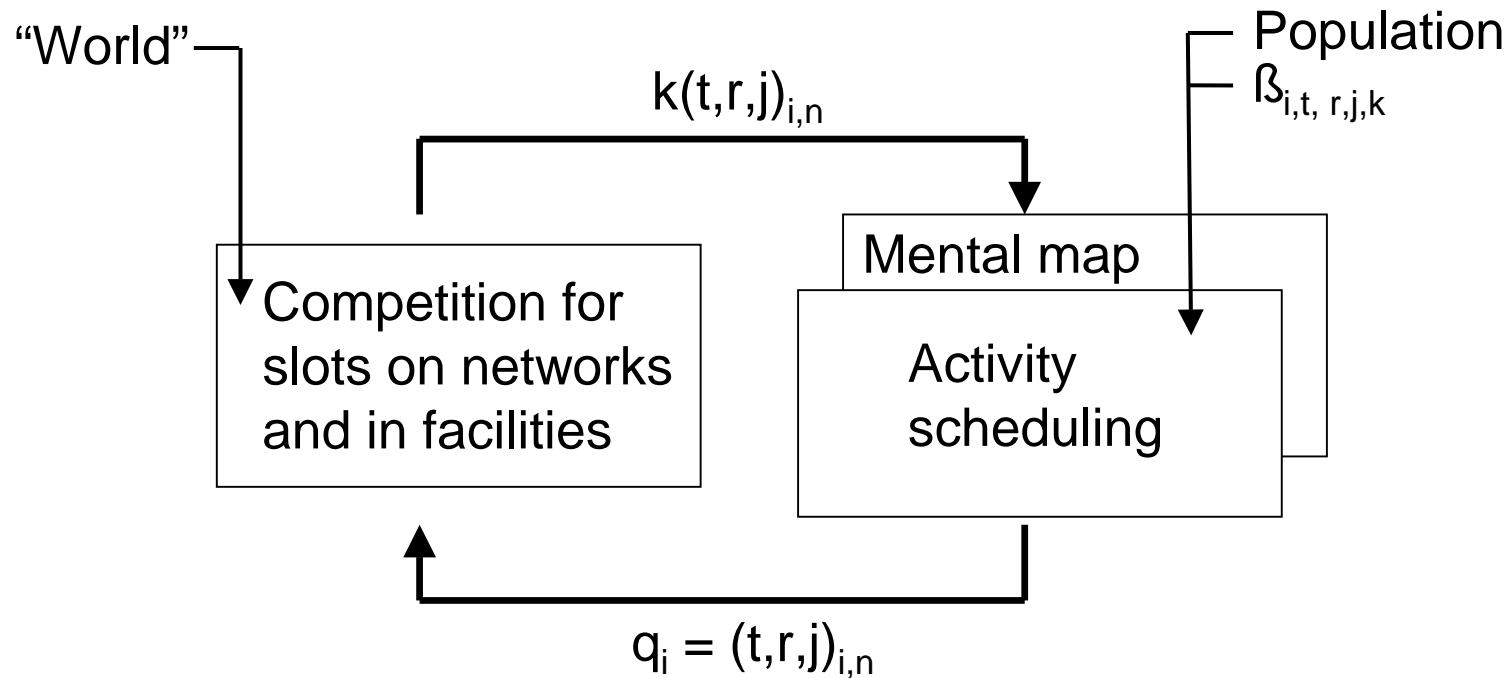
Overall learning approach



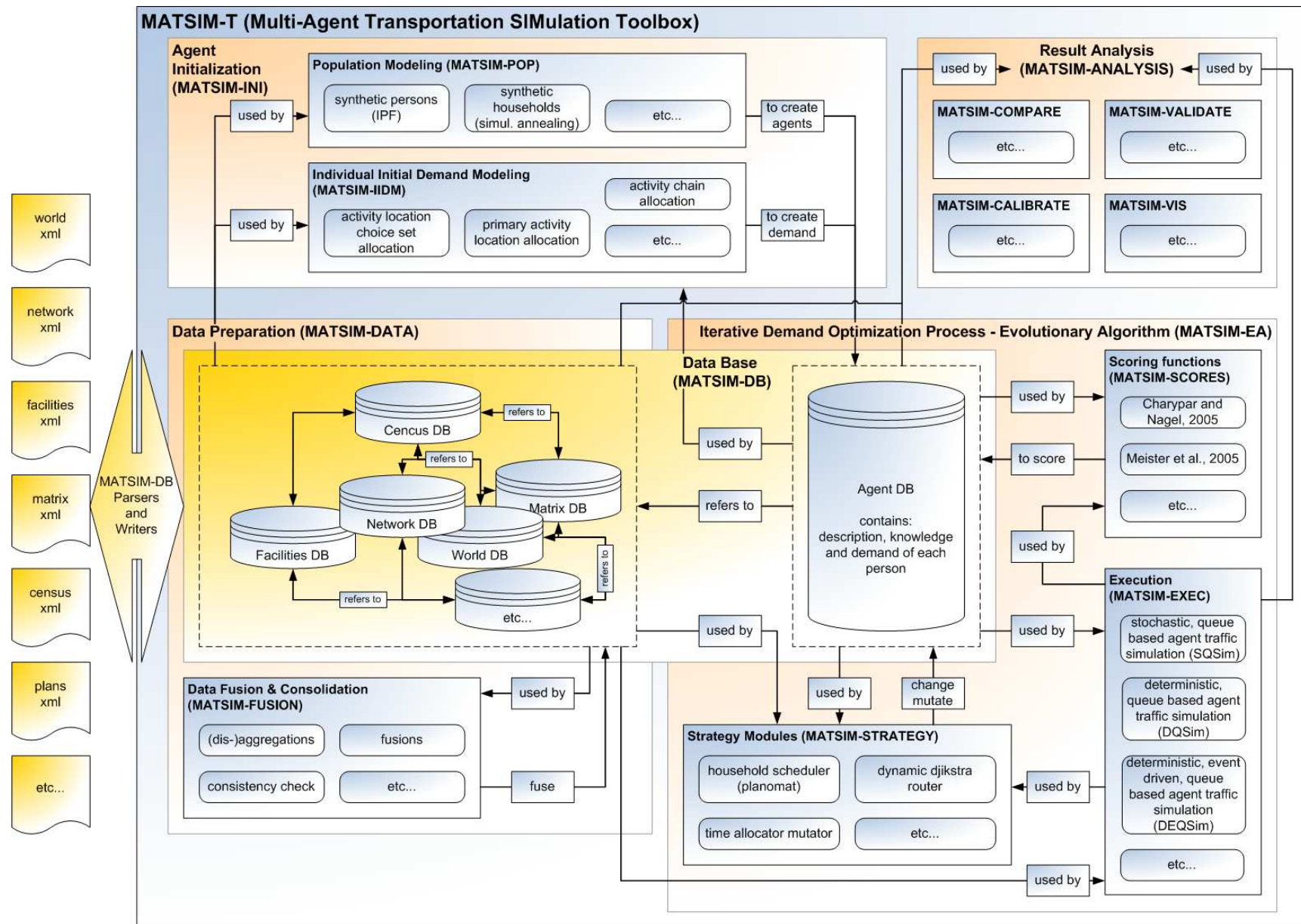
Side remark



Overall approach: Getting started

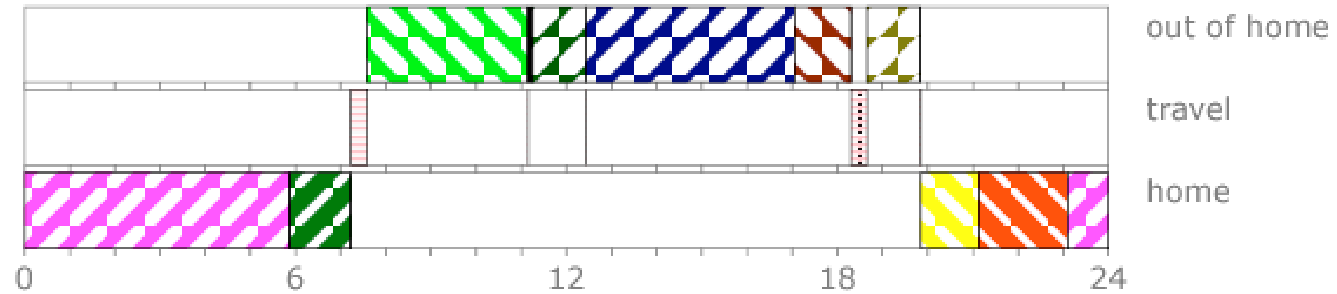


MATSIM-T

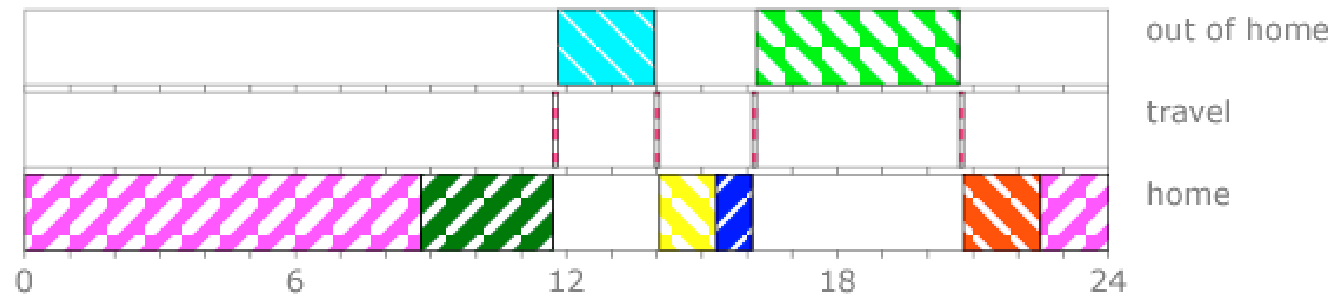


planomat: The task

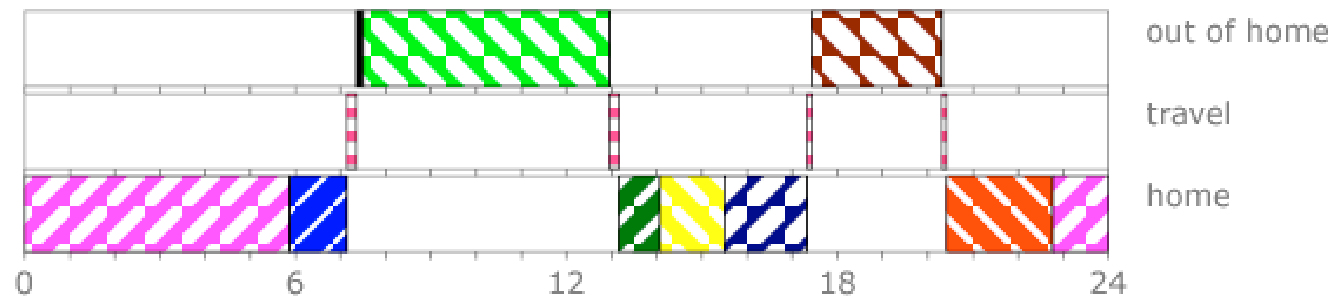
employee



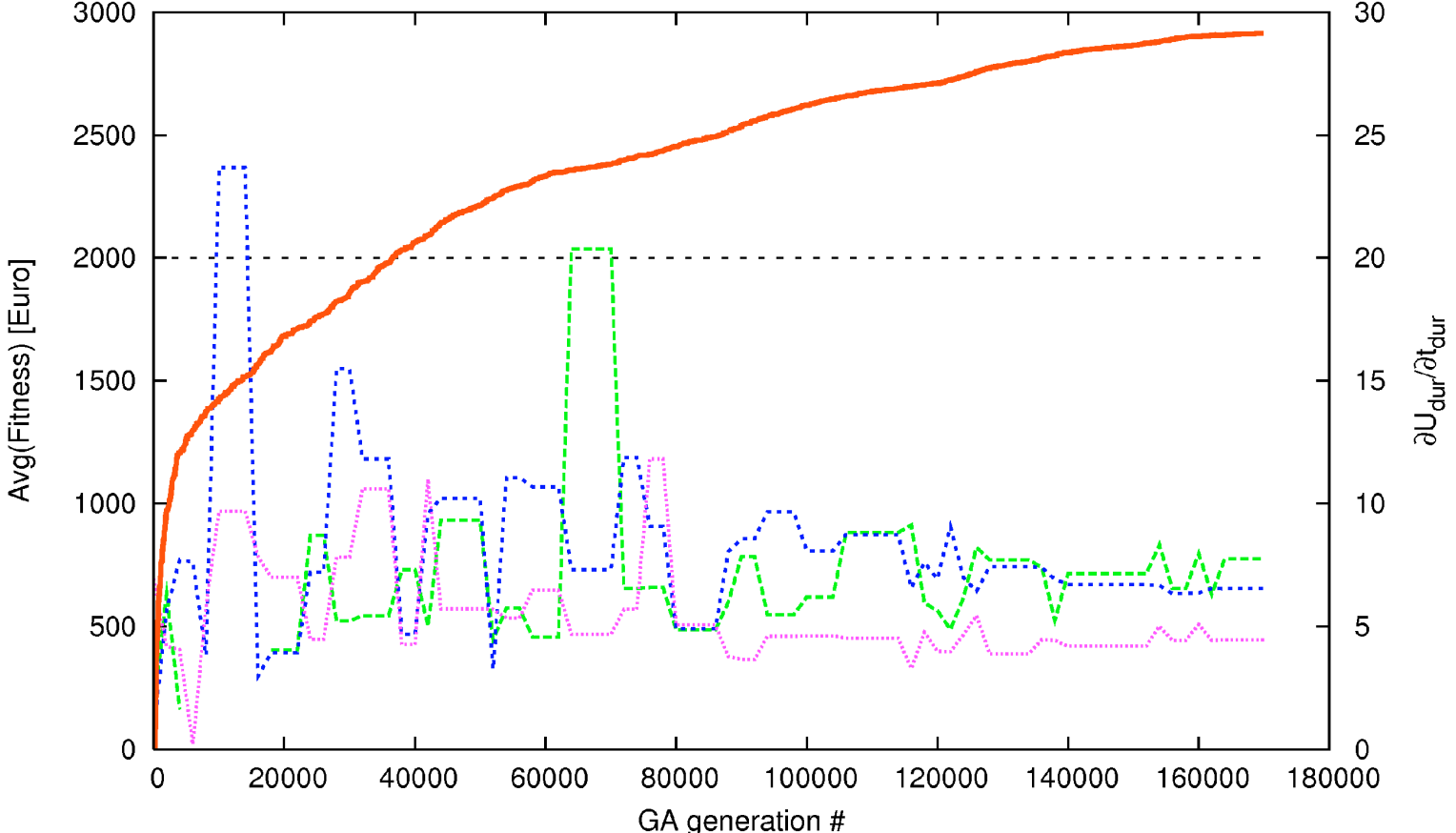
housewife



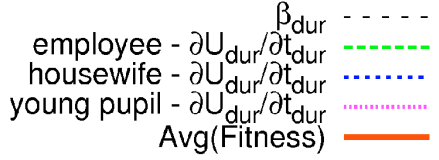
young pupil



planomat: GA-based scheduler



- ~3 seconds / agent



Test bed: Kanton Zürich

All relevant networks and facilities:

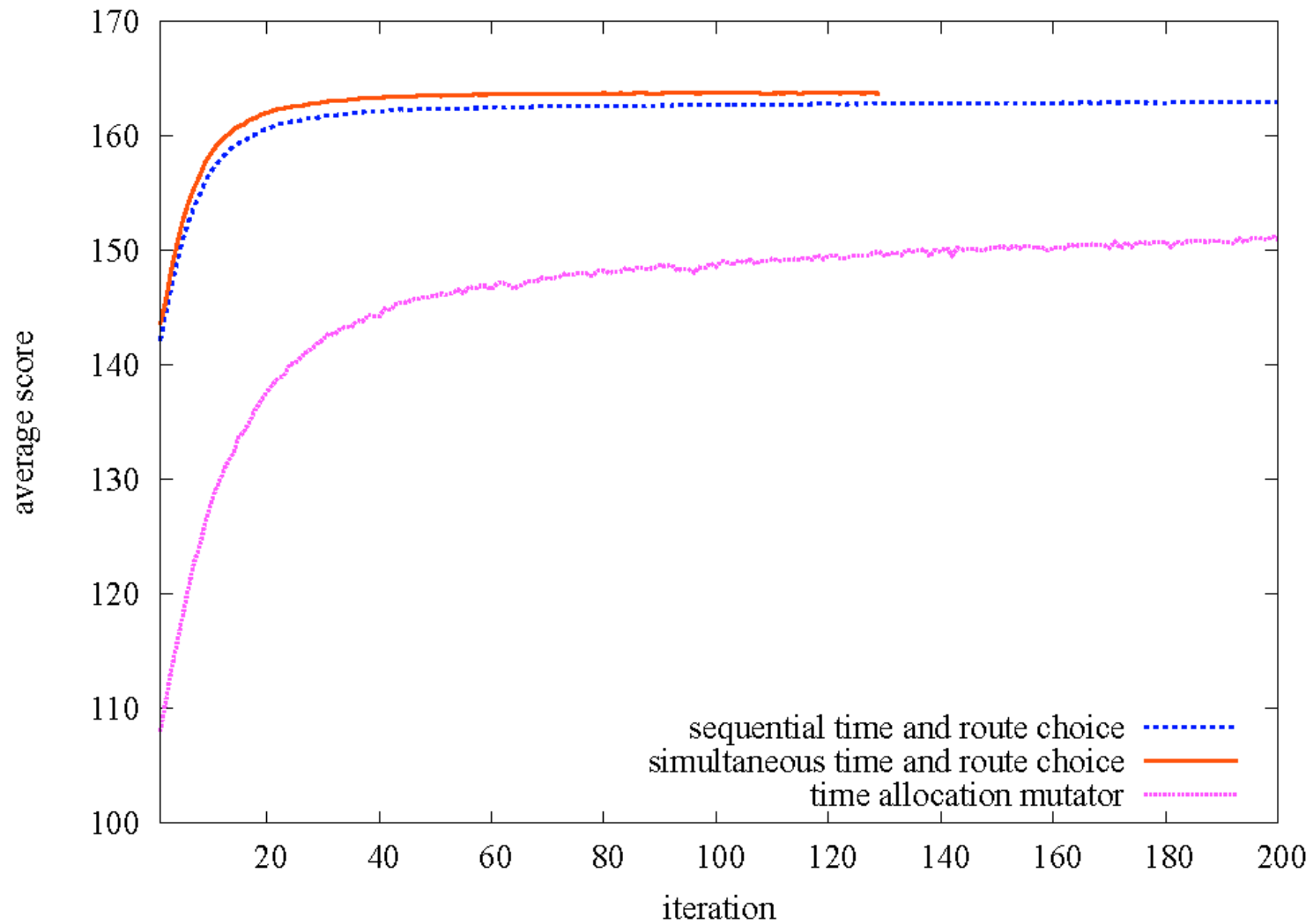
- NavTeq network
- Time-tabled public transport
- Estimate of facilities for each hectare

Agent population by hectare (7 dimensions) (1.2 mio)

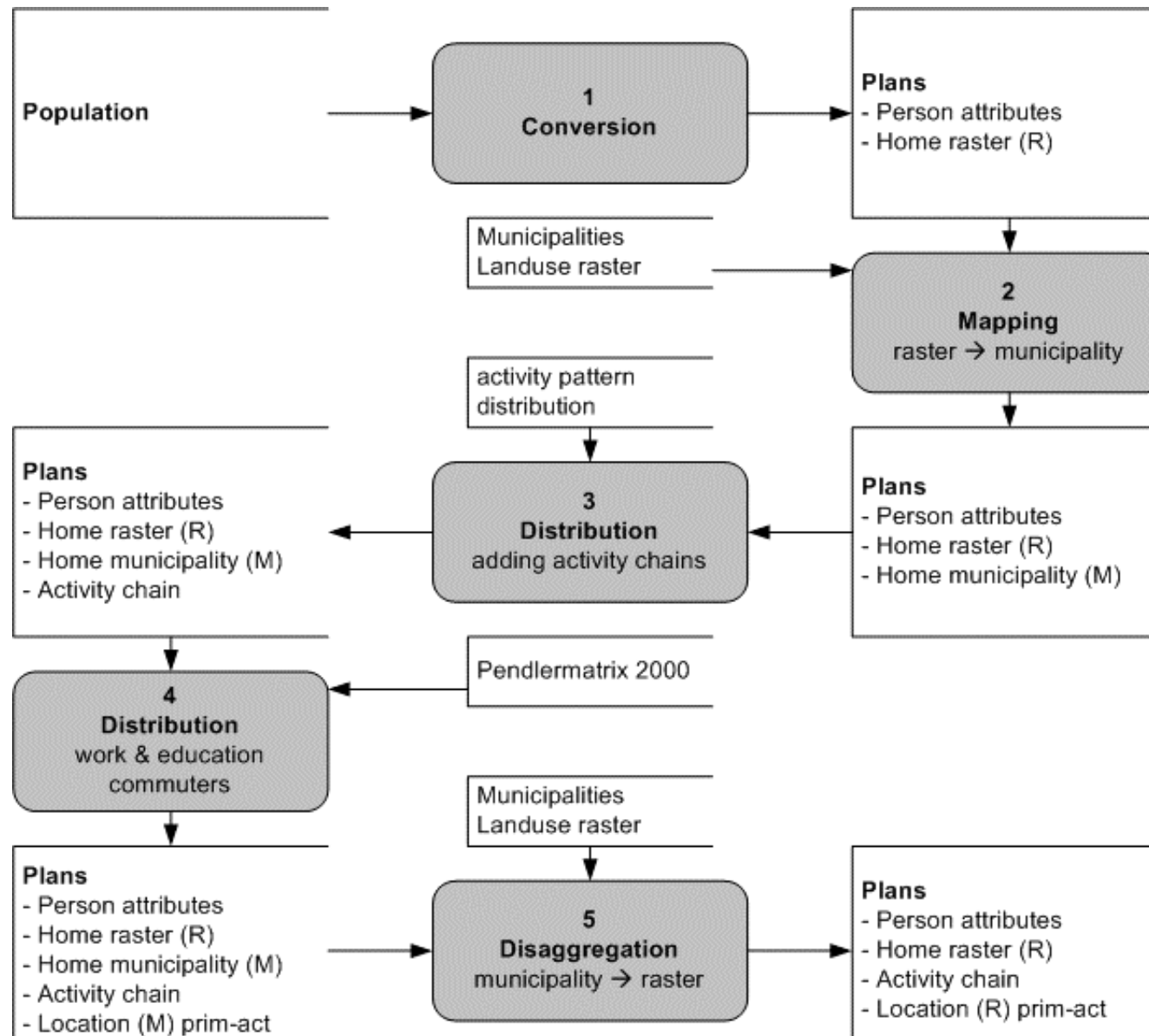
Travel demand

Detailed measurements

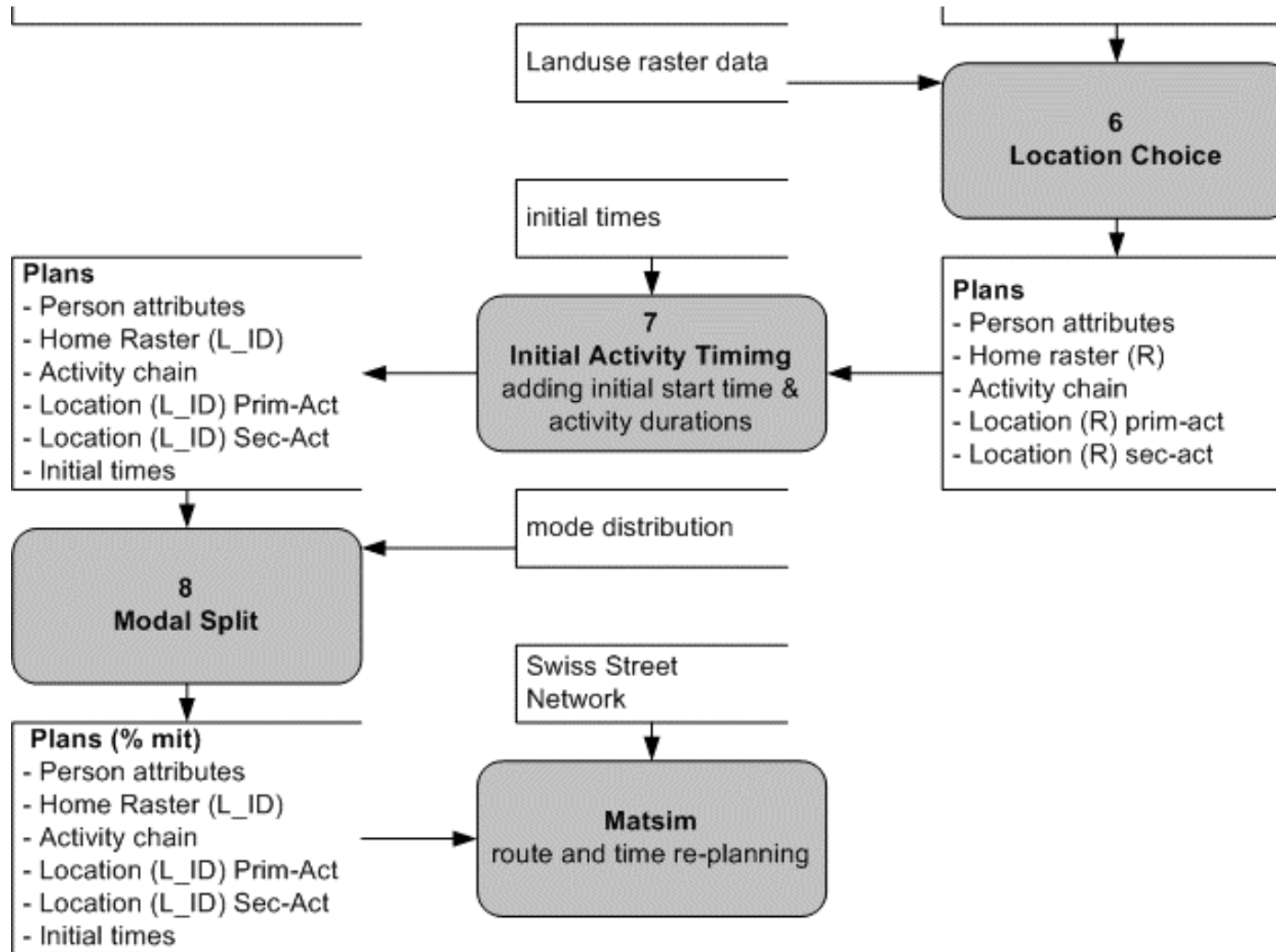
Speeding up the process (1% sample)



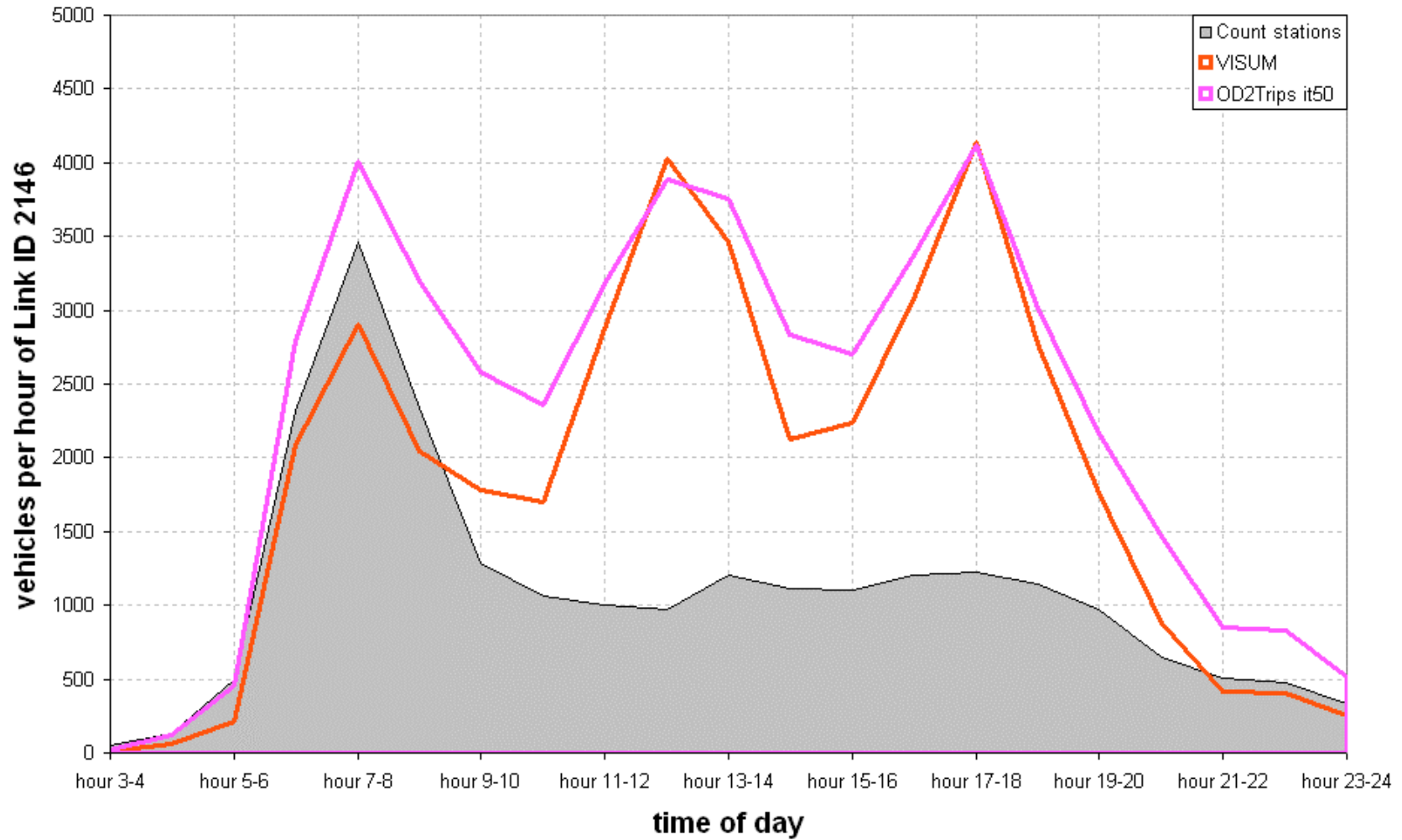
10% sample (Part 1)



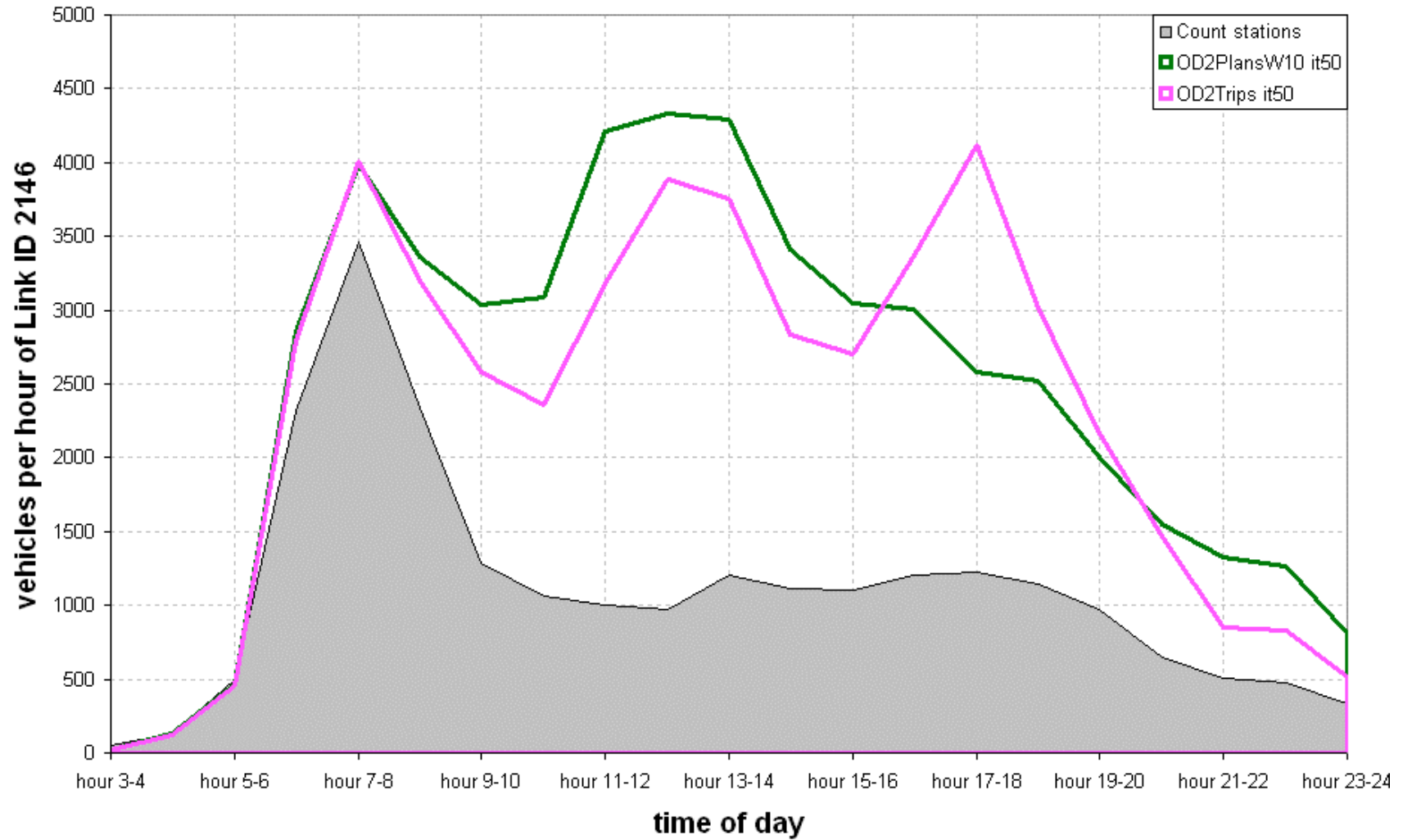
10% sample (Part 1)



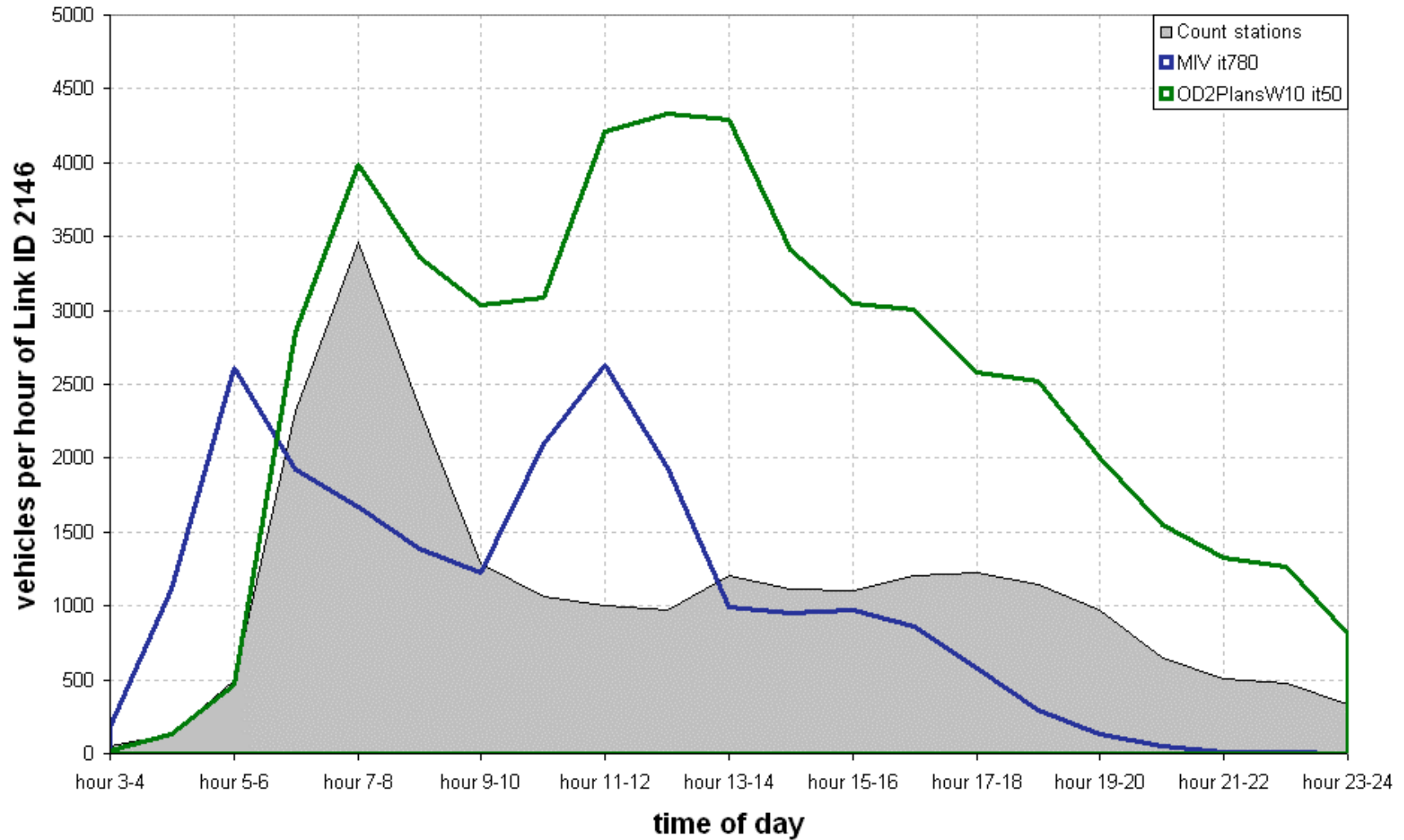
MATSIM-T simulates the OD matrix



MATSIM-T converges ODs into schedules



MATSIM-T starts with schedules



Next steps

- Transfer to www.sourceforge.net
- Adding co-developers

- Regaining full scheduler (planomat)
- Further improvement of the optimiser of the planomat
- Parameter estimates for the scheduler

- Visualisation and analysis tools

- Integration of tools to design systems (DRT, parking capacities, etc.)
- Integrating social networks

Sources

Software:

www.matsim.org

Papers:

www.ivt.ethz.ch/vpl/publications/reports/index_EN

Starting points

- Balmer, M., K.W. Axhausen and K. Nagel (Forthcoming) A demand generation framework for large scale micro-simulations, *Transportation Research Record*.
- Charypar, D. and K. Nagel (2006) Q-learning for flexible learning of daily activity plans, *Transportation Research Record*, **1935**, 163-169.
- Meister, K., M. Balmer, K.W. Axhausen and K. Nagel (2006) planomat: a comprehensive scheduler for a large-scale multi-agent transportation simulation, paper presented at the 6th Swiss Transport Research Conference, Ascona, March 2006.
- Meister, K., M. Frick and K.W. Axhausen (2005) A GA-based household scheduler, *Transportation*, **32** (5) 473 – 494.
- Raney, B., N. Cetin, A. Völlmy, M. Vrtic, K. W. Axhausen and K. Nagel (2003) An agent-based microsimulation model of Swiss travel: First results, *Networks and Spatial Economics*, **3** (2003) 23-41.